# Web Typography

VC235



What I think I look like when talking about fonts

VS

What I actually look like when talking about fonts





# VC237 Web Design 1

VC 237 :: Week 03 VC 237 :: Week 03 2 of 4 19 April 2023



#### **Understanding Web Typography**

#### Characteristics

- Type is displayed at between 96 and 120ppi, much lower than in print.
  - Higher on HiDPI screens like Apple's retina displays (iPhones, 5k iMacs, etc.) and others. These
    devices double (or more) the number of pixels per inch available to display type on screen.
- Pages are rendered on the fly, and presentation varies depending on a number of factors:
  - Device type (desktop, tablet, smartphone, TV, gaming console, etc.)
  - Operating system (Mac, Windows, Linux)
  - Web browser maker (Safari, Chrome, Firefox, Internet Explorer)
  - Web browser version (6.0, 7.0, 8.0, etc.)
  - User preferences (adjustments to the default typeface, size, colors, etc.)
  - Fonts installed on the end-user's system
- Consider your typography as mere suggestions rather than strict requirements.
  - This is especially true for type sizing, line lengths, and vertical spacing.

#### Historically, type on the Web was very, very rough

- Initial goal of the web was to share physics documents with researchers around the world. Academics focused on the *structural logic* and *portability* of the information, not the visual presentation.
- Early HTML documents used container tags (<h1>, <h2>, , etc.) to create a visual hierarchy, not to precisely control the appearance of a page.
- Older browsers emphasized the ability to customize font settings—it was considered a feature at the time.
- Initial code support was weak—designers only had access to the inefficient <font> tag to control type, and even then, it was just font and size by a number between 1 and 6.

#### Has Web typography gotten better?

- YES! ... Much better, but still with some limitations...
- Type is now styled with Cascading Style Sheets using Web Fonts.

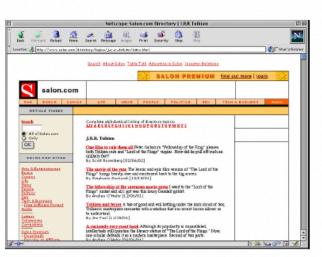
#### **Basic Web Typographic Concepts**

#### Document Flow — The default text layout engine

- By default, text flows as far right as it can before returning to begin a new line. Without any constraints, this is always the right-hand side of the browser window.
- As the browser window is re-sized, the text on a page reflows to fit the new window size.
- Generally speaking, page elements are not positioned outside of the document flow—all elements affect the position of each other.
  - However, it is possible to position elements outside the document flow—think objects on website
    that do not scroll and stay in a fixed place.
  - The layout method used in InDesign does not work in Web design.
- One reason for this is because as Web designers we do not have control over the size of the website visitor's browser window.
  - In print you control the paper size.
- Document flow has become important again as the industry begins to adapt their designs to mobile devices.

#### Type differences between operating systems and browsers

- Different Web browsers use different rendering engines.
- Different operating systems use different type rendering engines.
  - This is especially evident in the anti-aliasing of type.
- Even on the same operating system, different browsers will display type and other elements differently.
- HiDPI screens can display type much better than standard-resolution screens.



Netscape 4.79 on MacOS9 (don't ask how old)

 All of these differences make it difficult to consistently display type (including line breaks and other typographical adjustments), across operating systems.

#### **Understanding Typeface Selection on the Web**

#### Overview

- In theory, you can use any font you want on a web page.
- However, traditionally the fonts you use needed to be installed on the end-user's computer.
- o Different operating systems have different fonts installed by default.
- To ensure pages look similar on a variety of devices, browsers use font lists.

#### **Traditional Font Lists**

- Font lists help ensure that text will look similar to what the designer intended, even if the end-user lacks precisely the desired font.
- We no longer need to adhere to using this list of typefaces, but it is instructive of how browsers utilize fallbacks incase a typeface is not available.

Font Family	CSS Font List
Verdana	Verdana, Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif
Georgia	Georgia, 'Times New Roman', Times, serif
Helvetica	Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif
Arial	Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif
Times New Roman	'Times New Roman', Times, serif
Tahoma	Tahoma, Geneva, sans-serif
Courier New	'Courier New', Courier, mono

#### **How They Work**

- The default font is Times New Roman, though users are able to alter this setting.
- If a user's computer does not have the first font in the list installed, then the browser will try the next one. It repeats this until it reaches the end of the list.
- If it finds none of the fonts in the list, the last item specifies the font style and applies the user's defaults for that style.
- o In the *Verdana* example above, if a user does not have *Verdana* and *Arial* but does have *Helvetica*, then the browser will display the text using *Helvetica*.

Selected family

Open Sans

Light 300

Use on the web

head> of your html

Add more styles Remove all

To embed a font, copy the code into the

k rel="preconnect" href="https://

k rel="preconnect" href="https://
fonts.gstatic.com" crossorigin>
k href="https://fonts.googleapis."

com/css2?family=Open+Sans:wght@300&di splay=swap" rel="stylesheet">

font-family: 'Open Sans', sans-serif;

● link> ● @import

fonts.googleapis.com">

CSS rules to specify families

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#### Introducing Web Fonts

#### Overview

 Generally speaking, web fonts refers to the ability to use embedded fonts in a Web page, allowing pages to use almost any font.

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- Most fonts can be embedded, though licensing restrictions keep some of them from being used on real projects.
- There are also some technical issues that must be worked out or decided upon before you can host your own.
- Opens up a brave new world of Web typography.

#### Online Web Font Services

- Adobe Fonts: https://fonts.adobe.com
- Google Web Fonts: http://www.google.com/fonts
- ...and many more.

#### Recommendations

- From a design-perspective, try to pick one Sans Serif and one Serif typeface for your Web site, and use only those two typefaces.
  - Select typefaces with many different weights available (Light, Book, Extra Bold, etc.)
  - Keep two key things in mind: Distinction and harmony when pairing typefaces.
- If you have a budget or already have a Creative Cloud account, Adobe Fonts (formally Typekit) is a good Web font service with very high-quality typefaces.
- Google Web Fonts is a good option if you are OK with the selection of free, open-source typefaces (and some professional ones as well). You also must be fine with Google tracking your visitors (OK, Adobe does this as well).

#### **CSS Type Sizing Guidelines**

#### Overview

- For most sites, set font sizes using ems.
  - The em is a true typographic unit of measurement.
- Em is a relative unit and allows you to specify type sizes not explicitly, but in relation to a base font size of its parent container(s).

#### The Guidelines

 $\circ$   $\;$  First, set the size of all type in your page to 100% (done in reset . css).

```
body, h1, h2, h3, h4, h5, h6, p, ul, ol, li, th, td {
    font-size: 100%;
}
```

 Design your pages so that exact text sizes do not matter as much. Text boxes should allow text to flow freely around other objects.

#### em Font Sizing Example

- Alter the size of headers and paragraphs using ems.
  - Use values above 1.0 to increase type size.
  - Use values below 1.0 to decrease type size.
  - Think of these values as percentages—everything is relative to 100%.
- Sample values shown in the table to the right.

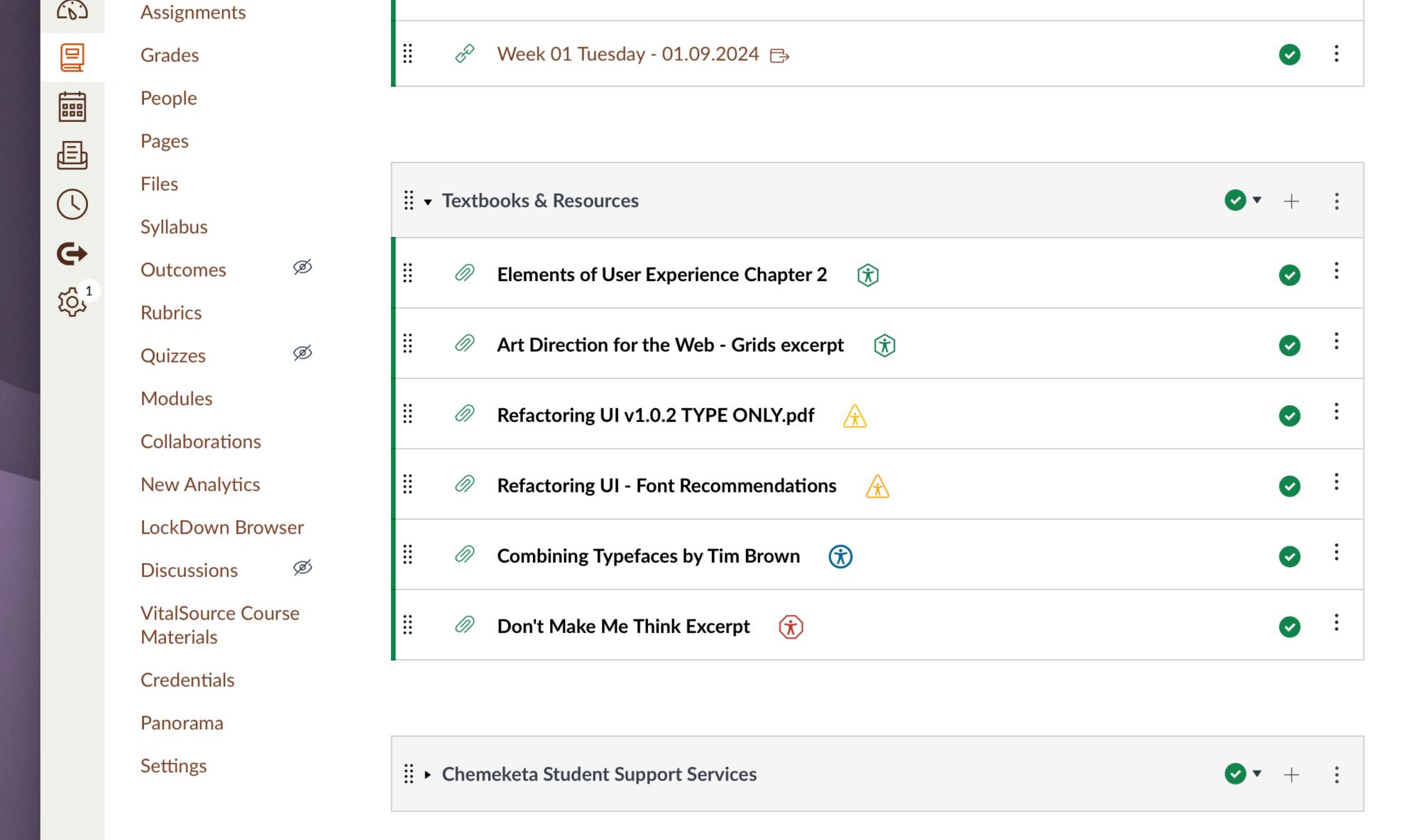
Tag	Value
h1	2.75em
h2	2.25em
h3	1.70em
р	1.10em

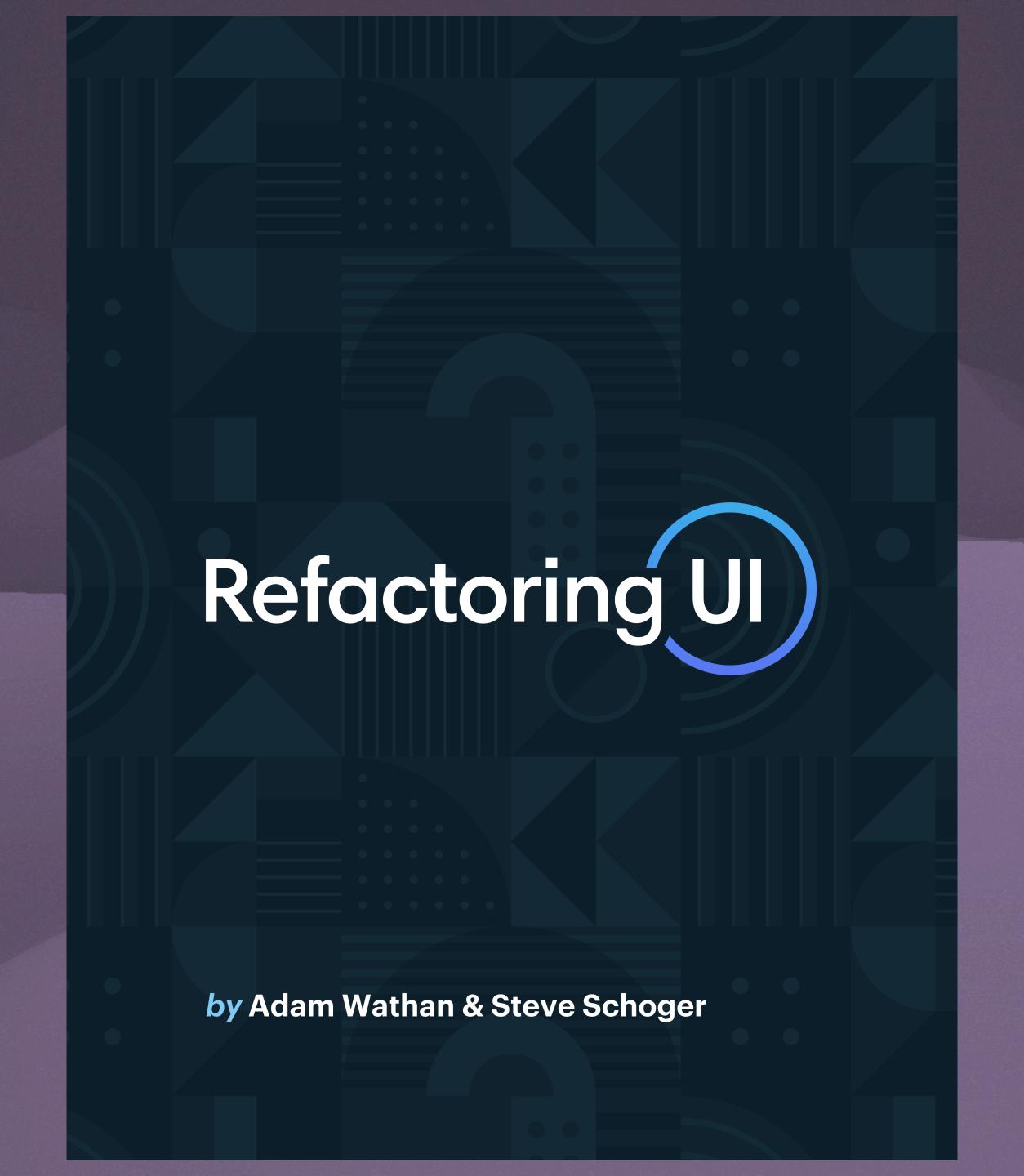
### Common CSS Properties for Typography

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Name	Property	Description	Example CSS Code
Typeface Family	font-family:	Uses font lists	font-family: Verdana, san-serif;
Type Size	font-size:	Specify in ems	font-size: 1.3em;
Type Line Height	line-height:	aka Leading; use ems	line-height: 1.6em;
Type Weight	font-weight:	Specify font face weight; use numbers given by typeface provider	font-weight: 700;
Type Style	font-style:	Specify font face style	font-style: italic;
Type Color	color:	Specify the font color	color: #FFCC66;
Upper/Lowercase	text-transform:	Alter the letter case	text-transform: uppercase;
Character Tracking	letter-spacing:	Similar to tracking in InDesign	letter-spacing:1em;
Paragraph Alignment	text-align:	Controls paragraph rag	text-align: right;
Text Shadows	text-shadow:	Applies a drop shadow to type. Use with care.	text-shadow: 2px 2px 4px black;
Text Rendering	text-rendering:	The browser emphasizes legibility over rendering speed and geometric precision.	text-rendering: optimizeLegibility;
Indenting Text	text-indent:	Sets the first line indent of a paragraph	text-indent: 2em;
White Space Control	white-space:	Control how white space is handled	white-space: pre;
List Styles	list-style-type:	Control the appearance of bullets in a <ul><li>list</li></ul>	list-style-type: square;

## Resources on Canvas





# Web Fonts

https://almanac.httparchive.org/en/2024/fonts

Search 🗸

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2024 🗸

English 🗸

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#### Introduction

**Hosting and services** 

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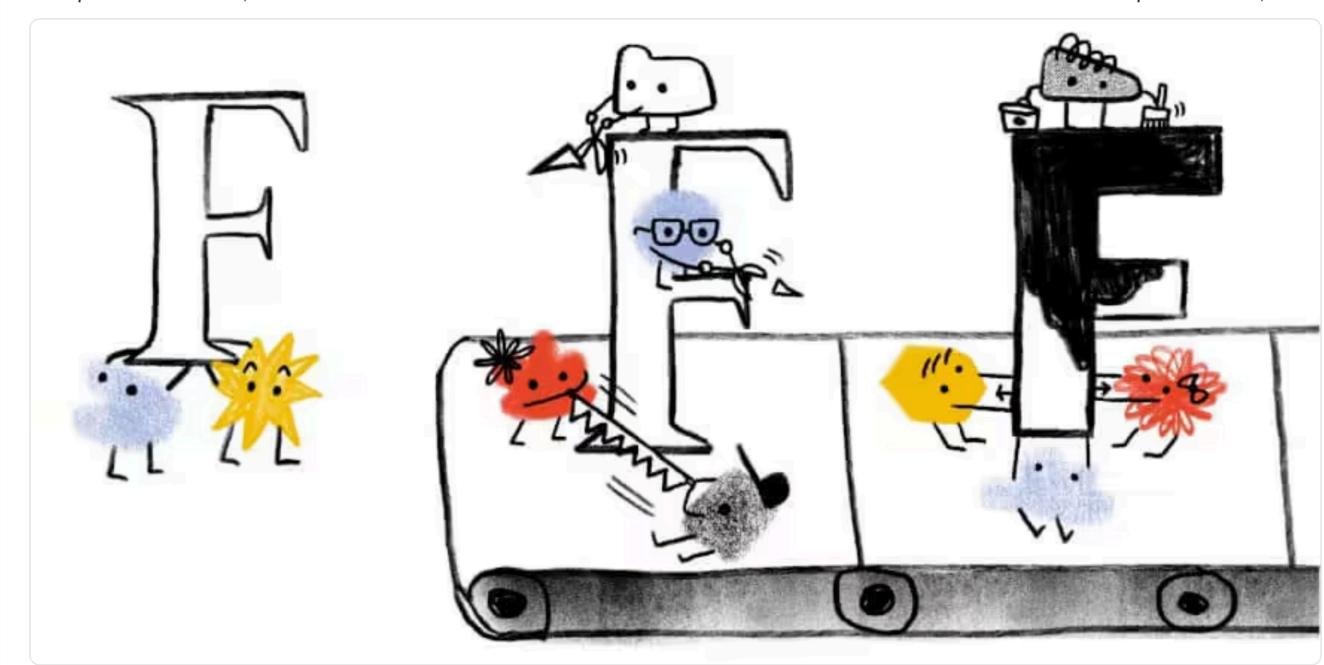
**OpenType features** 

Variable fonts

## Part I Chapter 4 **Fonts**

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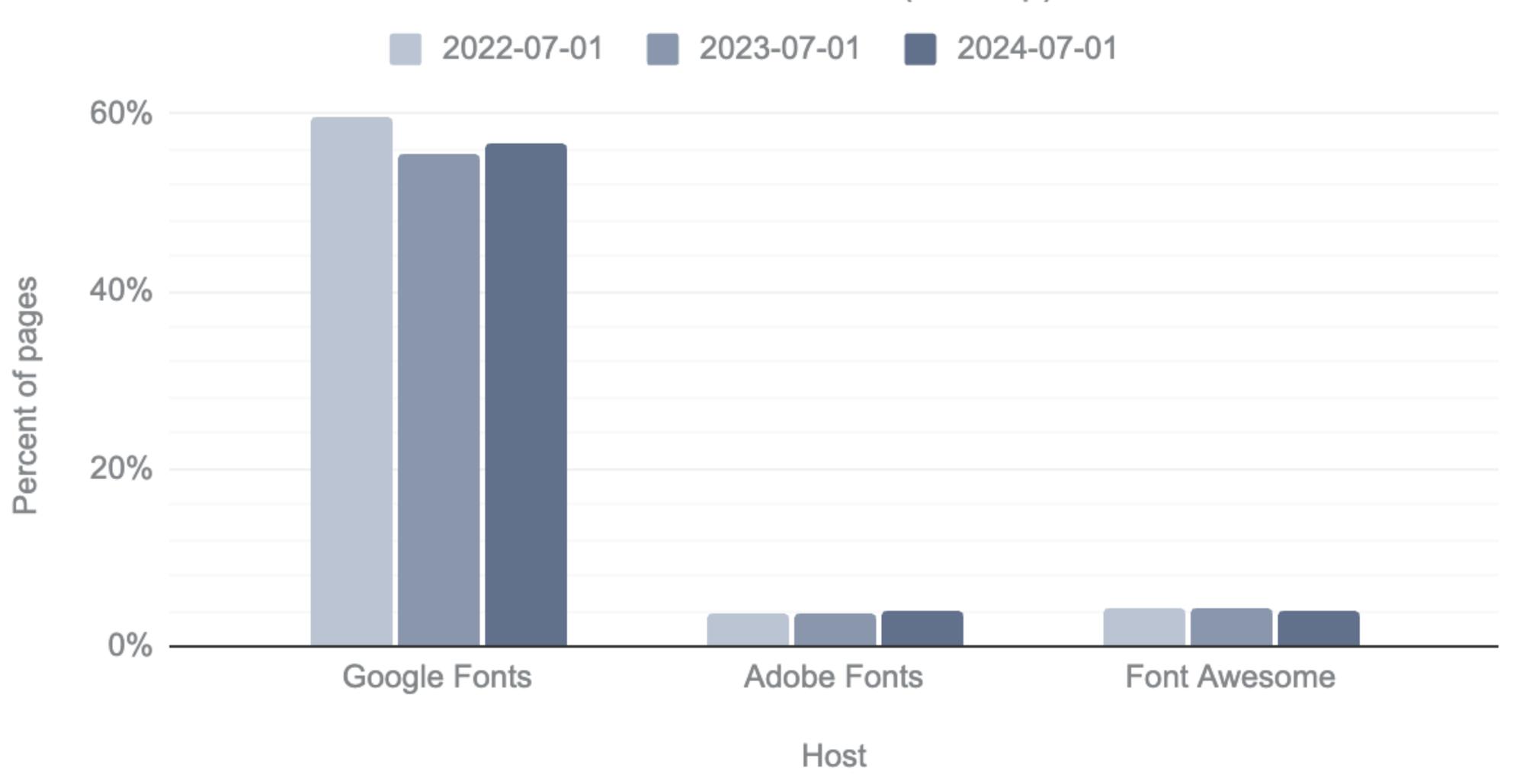
#### Written by **Bram Stein** and **Charles Berret**

Reviewed by <u>Dominik Röttsches</u>, <u>Chris Lilley</u>, <u>Ivan Ukhov</u>, <u>José Solé</u>, <u>Liam Quin</u>, <u>Mandy Michael</u>, and <u>Raph Levien</u> Analyzed by <u>Ivan Ukhov</u> Edited by **Charles Berret** 

#### Introduction

## Web font usage by service

Web Almanac 2024: Fonts (desktop)



Family	desktop	mobile
Roboto	15.2%	2.7%
Font Awesome	10.4%	12.4%
Noto Sans JP	6.1%	5.7%
Open Sans	5.6%	6.8%
Poppins	4.7%	5.8%
Montserrat	3.3%	3.9%
Lato	3.2%	3.8%
Noto Sans KR	1.6%	0.8%

Montserrat	3.3%	3.9%
Lato	3.2%	3.8%
Noto Sans KR	1.6%	0.8%
Source Sans Pro	1.4%	1.7%
Noto Serif JP	1.2%	1.4%
Proxima Nova	1.2%	1.2%
Raleway	1.2%	1.4%
Inter	1.0%	1.1%
icomoon	0.9%	1.1%

. .

Foundry	desktop	mobile
Google Fonts	34%	19%
Adobe Fonts	14%	15%
Font Awesome	14%	19%
Indian Type Foundry	7%	10%
Łukasz Dziedzic	5%	6%
Julieta Ulanovsky	5%	6%
Mark Simonson Studio	2%	2%
Ascender Corporation	2%	2%
Paratype	2%	2%
Linotype	1%	2%

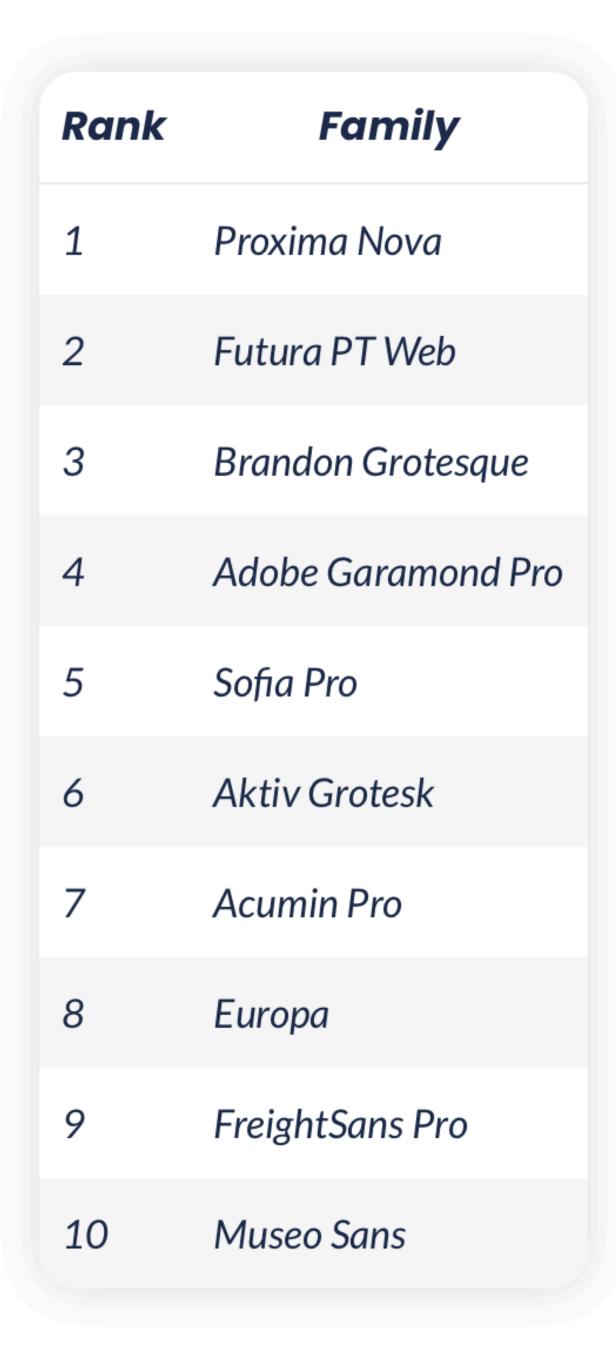
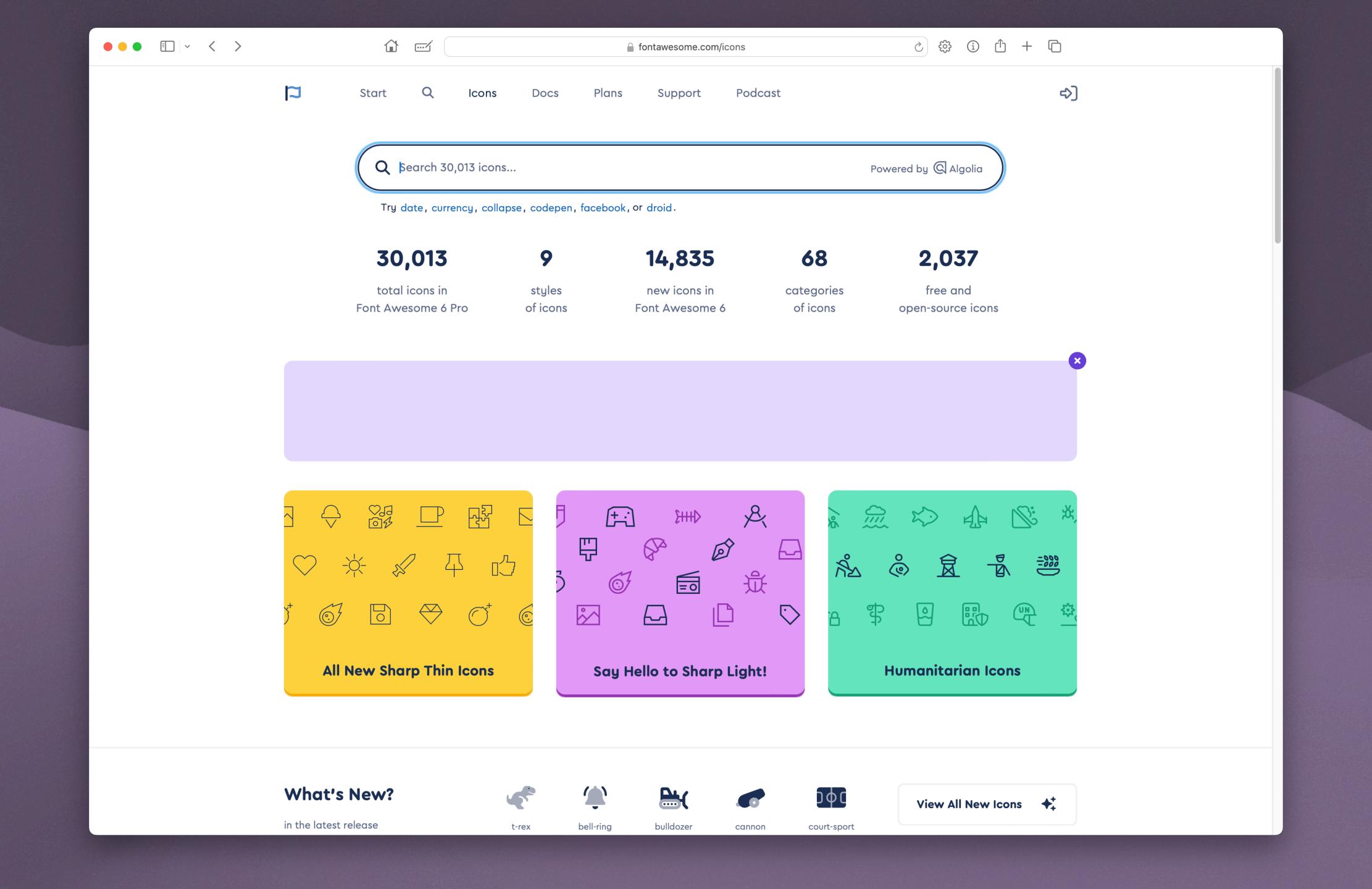
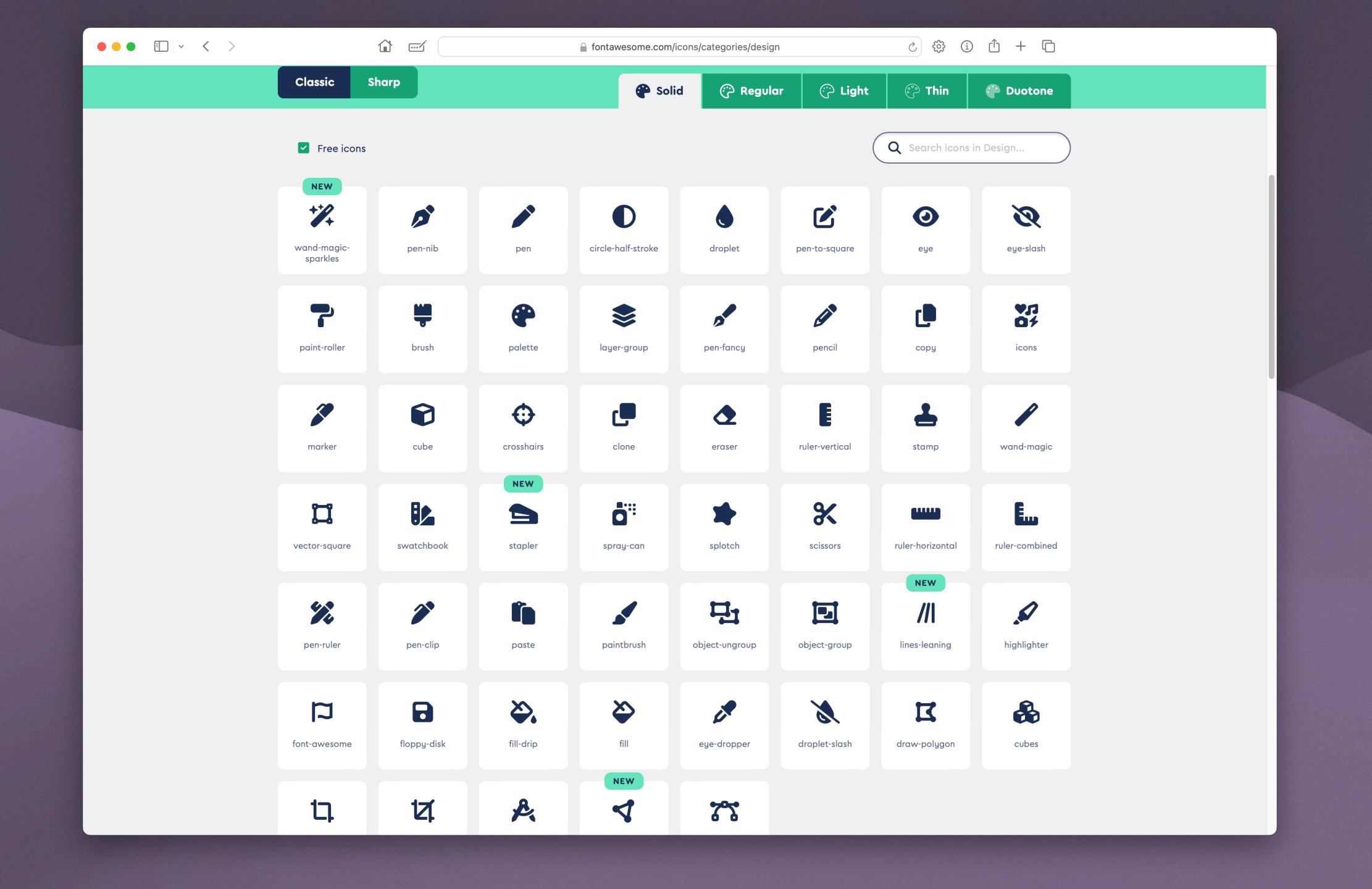


Figure 4.22. Top 10 families from Adobe Fonts.

# 

Figure 5.16. Sites using icon web fonts.









Building Type: Detached House

Year Of Construction: 2012

Listing Price: \$750,000

Address: 742 Evergreen Terrace

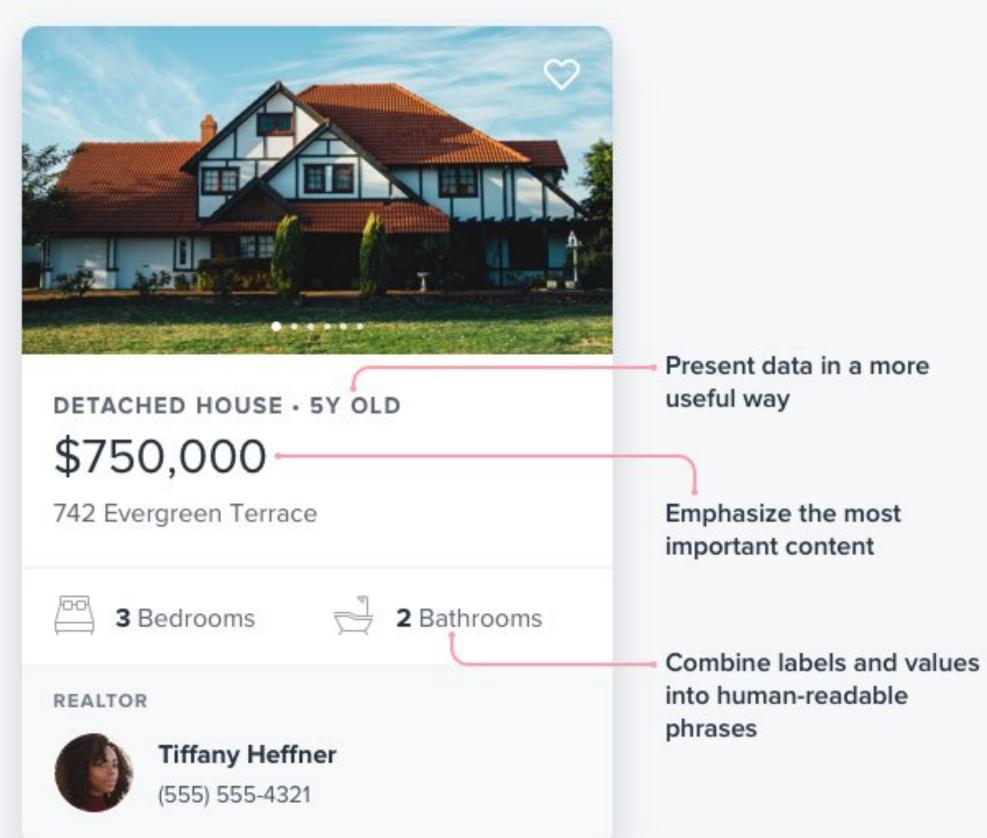
Bedrooms: 3

Bathrooms: 2

Real Estate Agent: Tiffany Heffner

Contact: (555) 555-4321











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DETACHED HOUSE . 5Y OLD

\$750,000

742 Evergreen Terrace



3 Bedrooms



2 Bathrooms

REALTOR



Tiffany Heffner

(555) 555-4321

Emphasize the most important content

useful way

Present data in a more

Combine labels and values into human-readable phrases

#### **CATEGORY**

Text Color: rgb(232, 28, 35)

Font Size: 1em Weight: 600

All uppercase letters

Letter Tracking: .105em
Line Spacing: 1.1em
Padding top: 1em
Padding bottom: .625em

#### **ARTICLE TITLE**

Font Size: 1.75em
Weight: 600
Bottom Margin: .5em

#### **ARTICLE BYLINE**

Weight: 400;

Letter Tracking: 0.0875em

Font Size: .9em

All uppercase letters

Text Color rgb(72, 72, 72)

Margin Bottom: 1em

#### **LEAD-IN PARAGRAPH**

Weight: 400
Font Size: 1.25em
Line Spacing: 1.625em

#### **READ MORE LINKS**

Text Color: black
Weight: 600
Font Size: .75em
Change display to inline-block

Padding Top: 2em

#### **HOVER CHANGE**

Text Color: rgb(232, 28, 35)





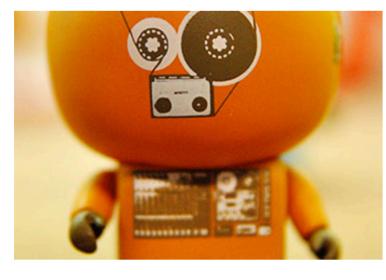
#### LIGHT PAINTING

## Capturing Light with Long Exposure

BY ROBIN JEFFERIES

Long-exposure, time-exposure, or slow-shutter photography involves using a long-duration shutter speed to sharply capture the stationary elements of images while blurring, smearing, or obscuring the moving elements.

**Read More** 



#### **ALIEN INVASION**

## **Understanding Our Alien Overlords**

BY BRUNO MARS

The alien invasion or space invasion is a common feature in science fiction stories and film, in which extraterrestrials invade the Earth either to exterminate and supplant human life, enslave it under an intense state, harvest people for food, steal the planet's resources, or destroy the planet altogether.

Read More



#### **OUTDOOR ADVENTURES**

## **Canoeing the Great Winooski River**

BY BERNIE SANDERS

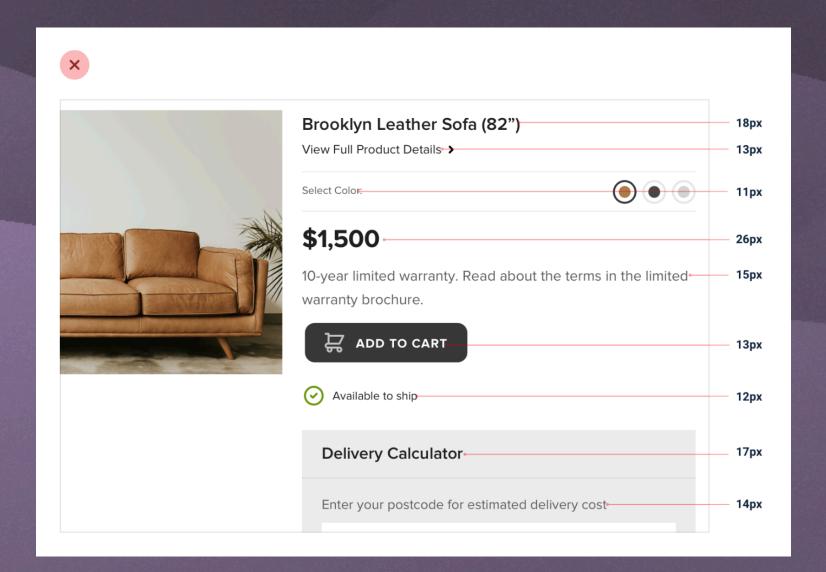
A canoe or kayaking adventure might sound like an adventure too big, but with all the waterways around us, it's easier than you think.

**Read More** 

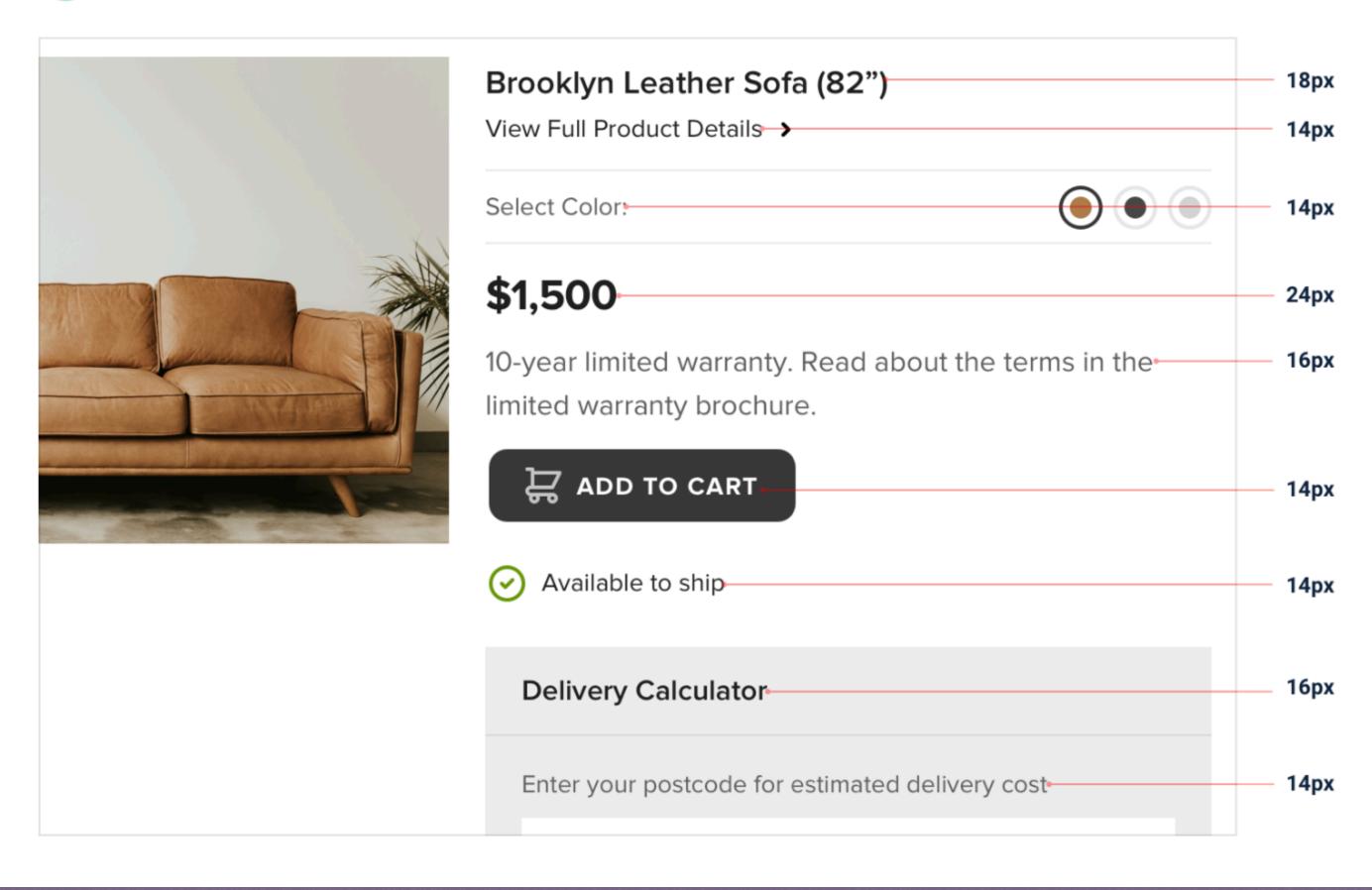
# Font Lists

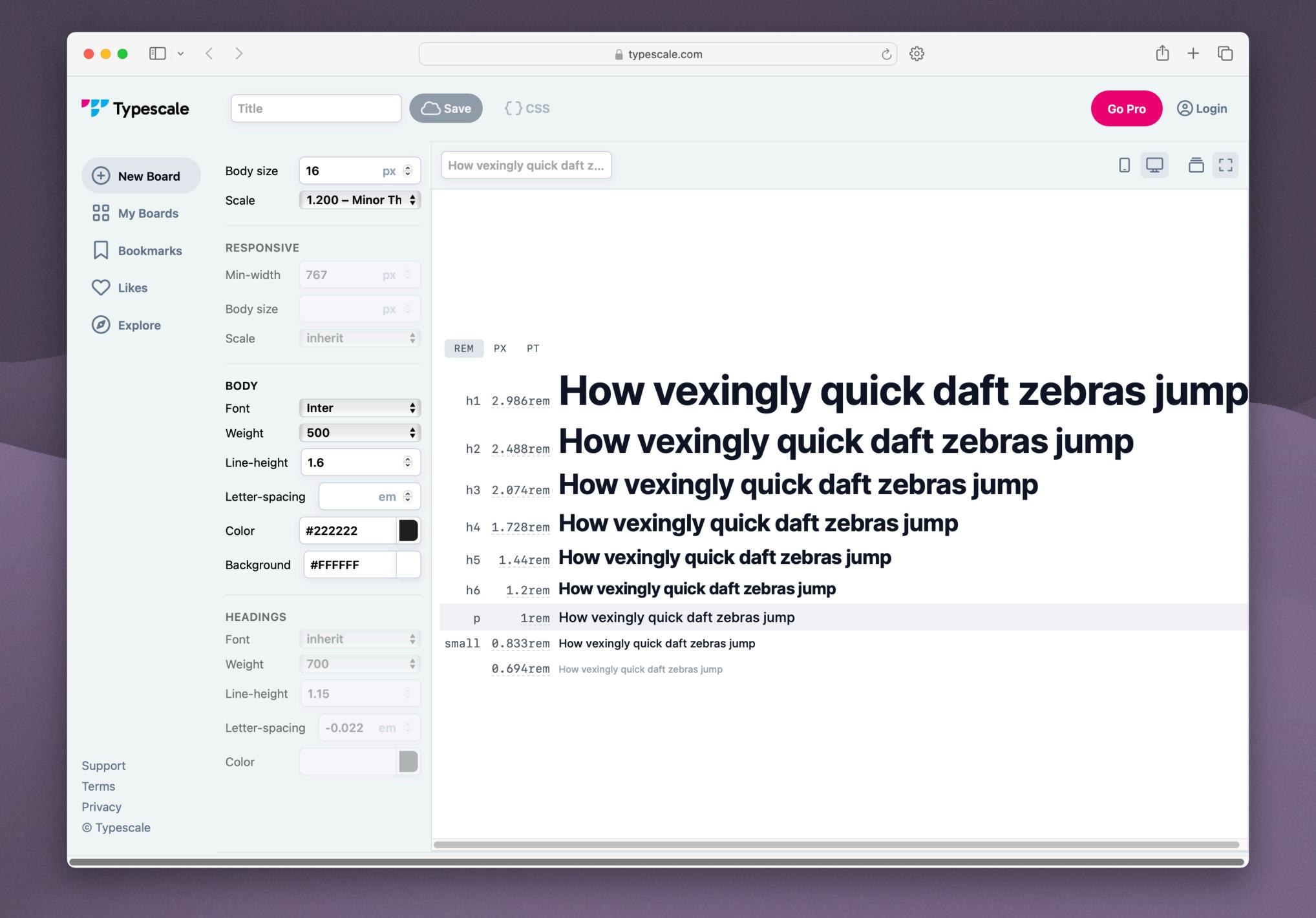
Font Family	CSS Font List
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Helvetica	Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif
Arial	Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif
Times New Roman	"Times New Roman", Times, serif
Tahoma	Tahoma, Geneva, sans-serif

# Establish a Type Scale









# Steal from people that care

## Steal from people who care

Inspect some of your favorite sites and see what typefaces they are using.

