Week:four Formatting Type in InDesign

Character Panel

Basics

- Window > Type & Tables > Character (Command-T)
- Typeface
- Weight/Style
 - Note that InDesign does not support faux bold and faux italic.
- \circ Size (\mathbf{T})
 - Use Command-Shift-< and Command-Shift-> to decrease or increase the font size.
- Leading (\mathbf{k} , pronounced *Led-ing*)
 - The distance from baseline-to-baseline between lines of type.
 - Use the Option key and up/down arrows to adjust.

Kerning (🏘)

- The addition or removal of space between a *pair* of adjacent characters.
- Use the Option key and left/right arrows to adjust.

Tracking (👯)

- The simultaneous adjustment of space between *three or more* characters.
- Use the Option key and left/right arrows to adjust.

Other Options:

- All caps (Command-Shift-K), small caps (Command-Shift-H), superscript (Command-Shift-=), subscript (Command-Option-Shift-=); all available through the Character panel submenu.
- \circ $\;$ Vertical scale ($\, ^{1}\!T$) and Horizontal scale ($\, {\bf \underline{T}} \,$)
- Baseline shift (♣) & Rotation (. individual characters)

Paragraph Panel

Basics

- Window > Type & Tables > Paragraph (Command-Option-T)
- Horizontal Paragraph Alignment
 - Left, Center, Right, Justify Last Left, Justify Last Center, Justify Last Right, Justify All.
- Left and Right Indent; First Line Indent
- Space Before/After Paragraph
- Space Between Paragraphs Using Same Style (advanced styling option)
- Shading—apply a solid color to the background of a single paragraph.
- Border—apply a color order to a single paragraph.
- Enable/disable Hyphenation—Turn off hyphenation for headlines and short lines of text.

Other Key Options:

- Drop Caps (Size and Number of Characters)
- o Paragraph Rules apply horizontal rule lines above and/or below a paragraph
 - To use, select the Paragraph Panel submenu and select Paragraph Rules... (Command-Option-J).

×	
≎ Character	
Q~ Proxima Nova	~
Regular	~
$_{T}T$ $\hat{}$ 12 pt \checkmark $_{TA}^{A}$ $\hat{}$ (14.4 pt)	~
V_{\leftarrow} $\hat{\downarrow}$ Metrics \checkmark \bigvee \bigvee $\hat{\downarrow}$ 0	~
‡T ^ˆ 100%	~
<u>Aª</u> (ˆ) 0 pt	
Language: English: USA 🗸 🗸	



Spanning Columns

- The ability of text to span frame columns.
- To use, select the paragraph you want to span, then select Span Columns... from the Paragraph panel submenu.
- Can also be changed using the Control Bar (see screenshot).

Key Typographic Features

Converting Type to Artwork

- Type > Create Outlines... (Command-Shift-O)
- Converts all text in selected Text boxes into editable paths.
 Type will no longer be editable as text.
- Select the text frame (not the actual text) before converting.

Hidden Characters

- Toggles the display of hidden characters, like soft and hard paragraph returns, and tabs.
- Useful for when you need to clear up the formatting of your text.
- Type > Show Hidden Characters (Command-Option-I)

Spell Check

- Edit > Spelling > Check Spelling... (Command-I)
- Use it; Enough said.

Glyphs

- Allows access to special characters, many of which cannot be added using the keyboard.
- Includes accent characters, fractions, and others.
- Panel only shows Glyphs for the selected font.
- Type > Glyphs



Tabs

- Provides paragraph-level control of tabs.
- Type > Tabs (Command-Shift-T).



- Can create left, center, right, or decimal-aligned tabs.
- Type > Special Characters > Other > Right Tab Indent (Shift-Tab) will create an automatic right-aligned tab.
- The Tab panel does not have to be aligned with the text frame. To make it align, click on the small horseshow magnet icon on the right.



