# week::four

# Precision & Efficiency Tools in InDesign

# Margins, Rulers, & Guides\*

\*...key tools for creating a clean, consistent, & perfectly-aligned page layout.

# Margins

- Establishes the live area of a layout.
- Use File > Document Setup... to make margin changes to all pages.
  - Even better, use **Parent Pages** to create consistent margins across all pages.
- o However, margins are page-specific. They can be changed independently of other pages.
  - Select a page in the Pages panel, then Use Layout > Margins and Columns... to change a specific page's margins.
  - Or select multiple pages using the Pages panel, then adjust the margins.

#### **Rulers**

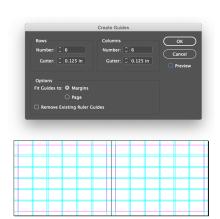
- Command-R shows/hides rulers.
- o Right-click on a ruler to change your document's unit of measurement.
  - Using this method, the horizontal and vertical rulers can be changed independently from one another, allowing each ruler to have its own unit of measurement. Weird, I know...
- The ruler's zero point can be changed by dragging from the top-left area where the two rulers intersect; Double-click this space to reset.

#### **Column Guides**

- Single-purpose guides useful for quickly creating vertical columns in your layout, dividing the horizontal space on the page into layout units.
- o They only occupy the space within the page margins.
- o Column Guides are **page-specific**. They can be changed independently of other pages.
  - Use Parent Pages to create consistent column guides across all pages.
  - Column Guides are locked by default.

# **Ruler Guides**

- Create by dragging out from document rulers.
- Command-; shows/hides all guides (the W key also will toggle guides).
- o Command-Option-; locks/unlocks all guides.
- Guides are page-specific—even on a spread they will be applied to just one page.
  - To apply to both pages of a spread, hold down the Command key while creating a guide.
- When unlocked, Guides are selectable with the Selection tool, and can be moved or copied-and-pasted to duplicate.
- Use the Control Bar or the Transform panel to position guides numerically.
- Some appearance options can be changed using the Layout
  Ruler Guides... menu.
- Layout > Create Guides
  - Quickly creates consistent vertical and/or horizontal guides on a page.
  - Very helpful for creating the framework for grid-based designs.
  - They can be placed within the page margins or page dimensions.



# **Alignment & Precision Tools**

### **Precision Drawing of Objects**

With most drawing tools, double-click on the artboard with it to bring up a dialog box that allows you to enter numeric values for the new object.

#### **Numeric Movement with the Move tool**

- After selecting an object, double-click on the Move tool to bring up the Move dialog box.
- You can also access this by selecting Object > Transform > Move (Command-Shift-M).

# **Nudging using the Arrow Keys**

- With an object select, use the Arrow keys to nudge an object up/right/down/left.
- Use the Shift key with an Arrow key to move an object 10x as far.
- Settings can be changed under Preferences > Units & Increments > Keyboard Increments.

### InDesign as Calculator

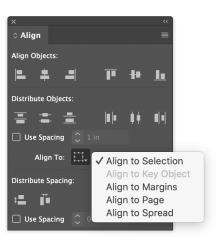
- In most fields that accept numbers, you can perform simple math right in the number area.
- Simple calculations using +, -, \*, and / can be done.
- Always press return/enter or tab to execute the calculation.

# Align Panel (shift-F7)

- o Incredibly useful panel for aligning objects on a page.
- Useful for making sure objects are perfectly aligned with each other, or evenly distributed across an axis.
- The Align To option includes a few notable features:
  - Use *Align to Selection* to align a selected group of objects.
  - Use Align to Key Object to select ONE object in a group to align to. This is helpful if you wish to align to an object that not on the perimeter of a selection.
  - Use Align to Page to align objects based on the page dimensions. Useful for centering objects on a page (use align horizontal centers & align vertical centers), or to an edge of a page. Align to Margins is similar but uses the margins instead.
- Use Spacing specifies an exact distance between objects.
- o Align options are also available in the Control Bar.

#### **Transform Panel**

- Powerful panel to numerically adjust the position, size, and shape of an object.
- Can set the X/Y position of an object on the page, and the exact width and height.
- Use to scale options to resize an object, or enter numeric value for rotate and skew to apply those changes.
  - Click the chain link to the right of the Width and Height boxes to lock-in the proportions of the object. The screenshot to the right shows the width and height linked together.
- An important component of the Transform panel are the nine Reference Points located at the top-left of the panel (or far-left of the Control Bar).
  - These allow you to set where on an object the X/Y coordinates are being read from, and where the transformations are being applied.
- Options are also available in the Control Bar, and under the Object > Transform menu.



#### Step and Repeat (Command-Option-U)

- Helpful tool to create evenly-spaced repeating objects.
- Can create rows, columns, or a grid of objects very quickly and precisely.
- Found under Edit > Step and Repeat...

# **Gap Tool** (Command-U)

- Adjusts the size of the space between two or more objects.
- o Drag between objects to change the object's size without changing the gap.
- Use the Shift key to focus change on just the two nearest objects.
- o Command-click to resize the gap instead of the objects.
- Option-click to move the gap and objects

# **InDesign Text Frame Options**

#### Overview

- Allows for customization of a text frame, including creation of dynamic columns, inset spacing and other frame options.
- Select the text frame you wish to edit with the Selection tool, then select **Object** > **Text Frame Options...** (Command-B).

#### Columns

- The. Most. Important. Option. Ever.
- Set the number of columns, and specify exact Width and Gutter measurements.
- Use the Balance Columns option to visually align the end of each column in a frame.
- Fixed Width Option (under pull-down menu)
  - Forces a text frame to always use the Width measurement as specified.
  - When resized, a text frame will snap to a width that displays the full columns plus the gutter space.
  - This is especially useful in newspaper and magazine publishing, where column widths are always the same across publication editions.

# **Inset Spacing**

- Creates padding inside a text frame, adding space between the frame edge and its content.
- Helpful when creating call-out boxes with strokes applied.
  - The example to the right has an .125" (1/8<sup>th</sup> inch) inset applied to all sides.

# **Vertical Justification**

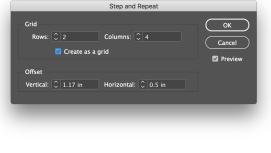
o Positions text vertically within a text frame.

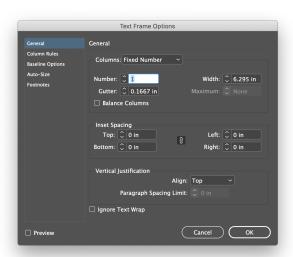
### **Ignore Text Wrap**

 When selected, text within the frame will not follow any text wrap settings applied to images and other elements.

#### **Column Rules**

o Allow the placement of vertical rules between columns.





t was the year of Our Lord one thousand

seven hundred and seventy-five. Spiritual

revelations were conceded to England at that favoured period, as at this, Mrs. Southcott had

recently attained her five-and-twentieth blessed

birthday, of whom a prophetic private in the Life Guards had heralded the sublime appearance by announcing that arrangements were made for the

swallowing up of London and Westminster. Even the Cock-lane ghost had been laid only a round

dozen of years, after rapping out its messages, as